

Test Report: BS EN 14476:2013 + A2:2019 Chemical disinfectants and antiseptics – Quantitative suspension test for the evaluation of virucidal activity in the medical area- Test method and requirements (Phase 2/Step 1)

Test Laboratory BluTest Laboratories Ltd

5 Robroyston Oval, Nova Business Park, Glasgow G33 1AP

Identification of sample

Name of the product TX-5 Disinfectant & Deodorant

Batch number TX-5-N1/N2

Client Treasure Purification Technology (HK) Limited Client address Room C, 4th Floor, China Insurance Building,

48 Cameron Road, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong

Project code BT-TPT-01
Date of delivery 24 May 2022
Storage conditions Ambient

Active substances Quaternary Ammonium Salt / Hypochlorous acid

Appearance Liquid
Condition upon receipt Undamaged

Test Method and Neutralisation

Internal SOP Number SOP 8003

Method 1 part interfering substance + 1 part virus suspension + 8

parts biocide were mixed and incubated at the indicated contact temperature for the indicated contact times. Assays were validated by a cytotoxicity control, interference control, neutralization control and a

formaldehyde internal standard.

Neutraliser Dilution-neutralization/gel filtration/ Enhanced

neutralisation; Eagles Minimum Essential Medium + 10%

v/v foetal bovine serum at 4°C

Experimental Conditions

Period of analysis 03 June 2022 to 08 June 2022

Product diluent used Sterile distilled water

Product test concentrations 10.0% v/v; 50.0% v/v; 80.0% v/v

Appearance product dilutions

Appearance in test mixture

No changes noted- stable

No changes noted- stable

Contact time $t = 1 \min \pm 5 s$ Test temperature $20^{\circ}C \pm 1^{\circ}C$

Interfering substance 0.3g/l bovine albumin Temperature of incubation $37^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C} + 5\% \text{ CO2}$

Test Organism(s)

Identification and passage (P) of virus Vaccinia virus ATCC VR-1549 Elstree strain (P 05)

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PROTOCOL SUMMARY

The basic virucidal efficacy test is set up with three concentrations of test product solution and a 1-minute contact time. Virus is exposed to disinfectant in 24-well plates, then neutralised, serially diluted and virus titred in 96-well tissue culture plates to determine the tissue culture infectious $dose_{50}$ (TCID₅₀) of surviving virus. Vaccinia virus VR-1549 Elstree strain / Vero cells are assayed in parallel in each test. TCID₅₀ is determined by the method of Karber¹.

Cytotoxicity control

The test product solution is measured for its effects on the host cells used to propagate the virus, to determine the sensitivity of the assay.

Interference control

The effect of the cells after treatment of the test product solution are verified to ensure the cells can show susceptibility for virus infection. This is compared against cells that have not been treated with test product.

Disinfectant suppression control

Virus is added to a neutralized test product solution. The neutralised virus titre is then determined to assess the efficiency of the neutralisation procedure.

No column Control

Internal control on the highest contact time to assess any impact of the Microspin™ S 400 HR columns.

Virus recovery control

Virus titre is determined for virus in contact with sterile distilled water at t = 0, t = 1 and at t = 15. The virus titre after 1 minute is then compared to the recovery of disinfectant-treated virus to measure the log reduction in virus titre. The virus titre at 15 minutes is compared to the reference virus inactivation control.

Reference virus inactivation control

Virus is exposed to 0.7% W/V formaldehyde and the recovery of virus determined by TCID₅₀ after 5 and 15 minutes, in order to assess that the test virus has retained reproducible biocide resistance. In addition, the formaldehyde cytotoxicity of neutralised formaldehyde is determined, to measure assay sensitivity.

¹Kärber, G.: Beitrag zur Kollektiven Behandlung Pharmakologischer Reihenversuche. Arch. Exp. Path. Pharmak. 162 (1931): 480-483.

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Vaccinia virus (VR-1549) Elstree strain Test Results

EN14476:2013 + A2:2019 Suspension test for the efficacy of TX-5 Disinfectant & Deodorant,
Batch TX-5-N1/N2, BT-TPT-01 from Treasure Purification Technology (HK) Ltd against
Vaccinia virus VR-1549 under CLEAN conditions

e Nich	Test Results										
Concentration	10.0%	6 (v/v)	50.0%	6 (v/v)	80.0% (v/v)						
Exposure Time data		TCID ₅₀ /ml	data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	data	TCID ₅₀ /ml					
t = 1 min	5.17	4.64E+06	0.33	6.81E+01	0.00	3.16E+01					
Raw Data	666661	4.64E+06	200000	6.81E+01	000000	3.16E+01					
log		6.67		1.83	9	1.50					
log difference	.0	0.33		5.17		5.50					

			Vaco						
0 NA!	Interfering substance		Level of		>4 lg reduction				
Product:		Concentration	cytotoxicity	0 min	1 min	15 min	15 min	60 min	after 'X' Min
TX-5 Disinfectant & Deodorant	0.3g/I BSA	80.0% (v/v)	1.50	7.50	1.50	n.a	n.a.	n.a.	< 1 min
		50.0% (v/v)	1.50	n.a.	1.83	n.a	n.a.	n.a.	< 1 min
		10.0% (v/v)	1.50	n.a.	6.67	n.a	n.a.	n.a.	> 1 min
Virus Control	CLEAN			6.83	7.00	n.a.	6.83	n.a.	n.a.
Formaldehyde	PBS PU	0.7% (w/v)	2.50	n.a.	n.a.	5.00	2.50	n.a.	> 15 mins
NATI	JRAL ATTO	1	NATURA Decidorate	District		NATURAL STATE			5 Decido



Vaccinia virus (VR-1549) Elstree strain Control Data

St	ock Virus (TCID ₅₀)	SURJETUS .	
	data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	AIR	
	6.83	2.14E+08	TURAL BEST	
raw data	6666665000	2.14E+08	e NA 00000	· //
log	Action .	8.33	5	
1900 13		•		

	Vaccinia virus VR-1549 Controls											
Virus Recovery 0 min Virus Recovery 1 min		Virus Recovery 15 min		Cytotoxicity		No column Control		Disinfectant Suppression VS				
raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	raw data 👩	TCID ₅₀ /ml	
5.33	6.81E+06	5.50	1.00E+07	5.33	6.81E+06	0.00	3.16E+01	5.67	1.47E+07	6.00	3.16E+07	
666662	6.81E+06	666663	1.00E+07	666662	6.81E+06	000000	3.16E+01	666664	1.47E+07	666666	3.16E+07	
	6.83	Š _(G)	7.00	IRAL MEDINE	6.83		1.50		7.17	90,000	7.50	
65	(URANGAR		e 144	0.47		. 447	3(1,5)	log difference	-0.17	log difference	-0.50	
3 /V	9000		1500			- 1 To Tour		diff < 0.5lg?	yes	diff < 0.5lg?	yes	
(0.0)			13									

Formaldehyde reference inactivation controls								Interference Control					
Cytotoxicity		Evmosumo timo	0.7% Formaldehyde					PBS Control		Product			
Cyto	toxicity	Exposure time	5 m	ins	15 m	nins		Dilution:	Neat	Dilution:	-1		
raw data	TCID ₅₀ /mI		raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml		raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml		
1.00	3.16E+02		3.50	1.00E+05	1.67	1.47E+03		5.17	4.64E+06	5.17	4.64E+06		
600000	3.16E+02	TER	666210	1.00E+05	640000	1.47E+03	. 10	666661	4.64E+06	666661	4.64E+06		
	2.50	log		5.00	(8)	3.17	log		6.67	USP CONT	6.67		
	. N ^R /s	log difference		1.83		3.67	log difference		0.00	diff < 1.0lg?	yes		
	TORY STREET	validation	0.75 < lg D < 3.5?	yes	2.0 < lg D < 4.0?	yes	36.50		6				



CONCLUSION

Verification of the methodology

A test is only valid if the following criteria are fulfilled:

- a) The titre of the test suspension of at least 10⁸ TCID50 /ml is sufficiently high to at least enable a titre reduction of 4 lg to verify the method.
- b) Detectable titre reduction is at least 4 log₁₀.
- c) Difference of the logarithmic titre of the virus control minus the logarithmic titre of the test virus in the reference inactivation test is between:
 - Between 0.75 and 3.5 after 5 min and between 2.0 and 4.0 after 15 min for Vaccinia virus
- d) Cytotoxicity of the product solution does not affect cell morphology and growth or susceptibility for the test virus in the dilutions of the test mixtures which are necessary to demonstrate a 4 log₁₀ reduction of the virus.
- e) The interference control result does not show a difference of $> 1.0 \log_{10}$ of virus titre for test product treated cells in comparison to the non-treated cells.
- f) Neutralisation validation. This is called the disinfectant suppression test in this protocol. The disinfectant was neutralised by column chromatography through an Illustra Microspin S-400 HR column to achieve the best possible neutralisation available for this test. The difference for virus is not greater than 0.5 log₁₀ indicating effective neutralisation of the virucidal activity of the disinfectant by dilution at a concentration of 80.0% v/v.

According to EN 14476:2013 + A2:2019, TX-5 Disinfectant & Deodorant POSSESSES VIRUCIDAL activity at concentrations of 50.0% v/v and 80.0% v/v of the working concentration as tested after 1 MINUTE at 20°C under CLEAN conditions (0.3 g/l bovine albumin) against Vaccinia virus VR-1549 Elstree strain / Vero cells.

This product therefore is effective against all enveloped viruses as defined in EN 14476:2013 + A2:2019 Annex A*. This therefore includes all coronaviruses and SARS-CoV-2.

Authorised signatory

Dr Chris Woodall, Director BluTest Laboratories Ltd

Glasgow, UK Date: 14 JUNE 2022

DISCLAIMER

The results in this test report only pertain to the sample supplied.

BluTest (BT) has performed the testing detailed in this report using reasonable skill and care and has used reasonable endeavours to carry out the testing in accordance with an EN 14476 protocol. All forecasts, recommendations and results contained in this report are submitted in good faith. However, other than as expressly set out in this report, no warranty is given (i) in relation to the testing or the use(s) to which any results or deliverables produced in the course of the testing are or may be put by the Client or their fitness or suitability for any particular purpose or under any special conditions notwithstanding that any such purpose or conditions may have been made known to BT or (ii) that the intended results or deliverables from the testing can be achieved or (iii) that the Client can freely make use of the results or the deliverables without infringing any third party intellectual property rights and the Client will be deemed to have satisfied itself in this regard. BT shall have no liability (which is hereby excluded to the fullest extent permissible by law) in respect of any loss, liability or damage, including without limitation any indirect and/or consequential loss such as loss of profit or loss of business, market or goodwill, that the Client may suffer directly or indirectly as a result of or in connection with: (i) the performance of the testing; (ii) the use of any materials, samples or other information provided by the Client for use in the testing; and (iii) the Client's reliance upon or use of any results or deliverables provided as part of the testing.

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*EN 14476 2013 + A2 2019 Annex A (informative – Enveloped viruses)

Poxviridae

Herpesviridae

Filoviridae (e.g. Ebola, Marburg)

Flavivirus

Hepatitis C Virus (HCV)

Hepatitis Delta Virus (HDV)

Influenza Virus

Paramyxoviridae

Rubella Virus

Measles Virus

Rabies Virus

Coronavirus (e.g. SARS, MERS)

Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV)

Human T Cell Leukemia Virus (HTLV)

Hepatitis B virus (HBV)

Reference: Van Regenmortel MHV et al., Eds.: Virus Taxonomy, Classification and Nomenclature of Viruses, seventh report of the international committee on taxonomy of viruses. Academic Press, San Diego, 2000

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